

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 5271

February Session, 2006

LCO No. 1531

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Referred to Committee on Environment

Introduced by: (ENV)

AN ACT CONCERNING BIOMASS GASIFICATION PLANTS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 22a-208x of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 3 (a) As used in this section and section 22a-208y, (1) "construction 4 and demolition waste" means waste building materials and packaging 5 resulting from construction, remodeling, repair and demolition 6 operations on houses, commercial buildings and other structures, 7 excluding asbestos, clean fill, as defined in regulations adopted under 8 section 22a-209, or solid waste containing greater than de minimis 9 quantities, as determined by the Commissioner of Environmental 10 Protection, of (A) radioactive material regulated pursuant to section 11 22a-148, (B) hazardous waste as defined in section 22a-115, and (C) 12 liquid and semiliquid materials, including, but not limited to, 13 adhesives, paints, coatings, sealants, preservatives, strippers, cleaning 14 agents, oils and tars; and (2) "processed construction and demolition 15 wood" means the wood portion of construction and demolition waste 16 which has been sorted to remove plastics, plaster, gypsum wallboard, 17 asbestos, asphalt shingles, regulated wood fuel as defined in section

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- 18 22a-209a and wood which contains creosote or to which pesticides
- 19 have been applied or which contains substances defined as hazardous
- 20 waste under section 22a-115.
- 21 (b) Construction and demolition waste which does not constitute 22 processed construction and demolition wood may be disposed of at (1) 23 any solid waste disposal area for which a permit has been issued for 24 the disposal of bulky waste, or (2) a municipal solid waste landfill. 25 Processed construction and demolition wood may be disposed of at a 26 biomass gasification plant that qualifies as a Class I renewable energy 27 source, as defined in section 16-1 of the 2006 supplement to the general 28 statutes, a resources recovery facility in accordance with section 22a-29 208y or at a permitted municipal solid waste landfill or any solid waste 30 disposal area for which a permit has been issued for the disposal of
- 32 (c) Construction or demolition wood generated at a residence, other 33 than wood that has been pressure-treated or that otherwise contains 34 arsenic, furniture, mattresses and rugs or any such waste which has 35 been crushed, chopped, shredded or otherwise processed shall be 36 considered municipal solid waste and may be disposed of at any solid 37 waste disposal area for which a solid waste permit has been issued for 38 the disposal of bulky waste, a biomass gasification plant that qualifies 39 as a Class I renewable energy source, as defined in section 16-1 of the 40 2006 supplement to the general statutes, or at a resources recovery 41 facility or municipal solid waste landfill.
- 42 Sec. 2. Section 22a-209a of the general statutes is repealed and the 43 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 44 (a) As used in this section:
- 45 (1) "Recycled wood" means any wood or wood fuel which is derived 46 from such products or processes as pallets, skids, spools, packaging 47 materials, bulky wood waste or scraps from newly built wood 48 products, provided such wood is not treated wood;

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bulky waste.

- 49 (2) "Treated wood" means wood which contains an adhesive, paint, 50 stain, fire retardant, pesticide or preservative;
- 51 (3) "Processed wood" means recycled wood or treated wood or any 52 combination thereof which has been processed at a volume reduction 53 facility permitted under this chapter;
 - (4) "Regulated wood fuel" means processed wood from construction and demolition activities which has been sorted to remove plastics, plaster, gypsum wallboard, asbestos, asphalt shingles and wood which contains creosote or to which pesticides have been applied or which contains substances defined as hazardous under section 22a-115;
- 59 (5) "Combustible" means the heat-producing constituents of a fuel;
- 60 (6) "Combustion" means the rapid chemical combination of oxygen 61 with the combustible element of a fuel resulting in the production of 62 heat;
- 63 (7) "Fuel" means a substance containing combustibles used for 64 producing heat, light, power or energy;
 - (8) "Regulated wood fuel merchant" means any person who offers for sale or sells, transfers, or provides in retail or wholesale trade, regulated wood fuel, including agents, brokers, wholesalers, distributors or producers who sell regulated fuel;
 - (9) "Regulated wood fuel user" means a biomass gasification plant or a resources recovery facility, as defined in section 22a-207, that stores or utilizes regulated wood fuel for the purpose of creating by combustion heat, light, power or energy and combusts in excess of one hundred million BTUs per hour; and
- 74 (10) "Biomass gasification plant" means a biomass gasification plant 75 that qualifies as a Class I renewable energy source, as defined in 76 section 16-1 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes.

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- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter, processed wood is not a solid waste provided: (1) Such wood is received for use at a biomass gasification plant or a resource recovery facility as a regulated wood fuel; (2) such wood is used for land application in accordance with standards for such use adopted by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection in accordance with chapter 54; or (3) such wood is used for building products or other uses in accordance with any applicable state or federal standards.
- (c) No person other than a regulated wood fuel user shall use or burn regulated wood fuel. No regulated wood fuel user shall use or burn (1) regulated wood fuel which contains nonwood material, other than dirt or metal fasteners, unless such material comprises less than one per cent, by dry weight, of such regulated wood fuel or (2) any such fuel which contains more than fifteen one-hundredths of one per cent, by dry weight, total chlorine. Any sampling or analysis to determine the percentage of total chlorine or the amount of nonwood material shall be provided for by the regulated wood fuel merchant and shall be certified by such merchant as having met any standards or methodologies for such sampling or analysis approved or required by the commissioner. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, any person who exclusively burns wood, other than regulated wood fuel, as a fuel shall comply with the regulations adopted under section 22a-174 for stationary sources of air pollution.
- (d) No regulated wood fuel merchant shall store, offer for sale, sell, make available, deliver for use or exchange in trade for use in this state (1) regulated wood fuel which contains nonwood material, other than dirt or metal fasteners, unless such material comprises less than one per cent, by dry weight, of such regulated wood fuel_z or (2) any such fuel which contains more than fifteen one-hundredths of one per cent, by dry weight, total chlorine.
- 107 (e) Any person who sells regulated wood fuel for use in this state or 108 who uses such fuel in this state shall maintain records of all sales or

use of such fuel which contains nonwood materials and such records shall be made available for inspection by the commissioner, or his designee, during regular business hours. Such records shall be maintained for at least three years.

(f) Nothing in this section shall prohibit <u>a biomass gasification plant</u> <u>or a resources recovery [facilities] facility</u> from accepting, processing and combusting wood that is not hazardous waste or is not otherwise prohibited by law.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2006	22a-208x
Sec. 2	October 1, 2006	22a-209a

Statement of Purpose:

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To revise the general statutes to allow for certain construction and demolition waste to be disposed of at a biomass gasification plant, in light of a recent Department of Public Utility Control decision that the burning of construction and demolition waste at certain biomass gasification plants qualifies said plants as Class I renewable energy sources.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]